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**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA
AT CHANDIGARH**

**CRM-M-5461-2025 (O&M)
DECIDED ON: 28.07.2025**

VIKASH KUMAR AND ANR

.....PETITIONERS

VERSUS

STATE OF PUNJAB AND ANR

.....RESPONDENTS

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE SANDEEP MOUDGIL

Present: Ms. Sirat Sapra, Advocate
for the petitioners

Mr. Sandeep Singh, AAG Punjab

Mr. Kartik Sachdeva, Advocate for respondent No.2.

SANDEEP MOUDGIL, J (ORAL)

CRM-12466-2025

Prayer in this application is for impleading Sanjeev Kumar as respondent No.3 in the memo of parties and for placing on record the amended memo of parties alongwith affidavit of respondent No.3 dated 22.03.2025 (Annexure P-3).

For the reasons mentioned in the application, the same is allowed.

Sanjeev Kumar impleaded as respondent No.3 in the memo of parties and amended memo of parties alongwith affidavit of respondent No.3, are ordered to be taken on record subject to all just exceptions.

CRM-M-5461-2025

This is a petition under Section 528 BNSS for quashing of FIR No. 484 dated 01.11.2024 (Annexure P-1), under Sections 333, 117(2), 126(2), 351(2), 191(3), 190 of BNS, 2023, registered at Police Station Zirakpur, District SAS Nagar, Mohali, with all subsequent proceedings arising therefrom, on the basis of compromise dated 09.11.2024 (Annexure P-2).

Vide order dated 03.02.2025, parties were directed to appear before the Illaqa Magistrate/Trial Court and report with regard to the genuineness of the compromise was called for.

The report dated 21.02.2025 has been received from Judicial Magistrate Ist Class, Dera Bassi, stating that the parties have entered into a compromise, which is genuine, voluntary and without any coercion or undue influence.

Mr. Kartik Sachdeva, Advocate has put in appearance on behalf of newly added respondent No.3 and filed his Power of Attorney, which is taken on record. He submits that the respondent No.3 namely Sanjeev Kumar, has no objection in case the present petition is allowed.

Full Bench of this Court in ***Kulwinder Singh and others vs. State of Punjab, 2007 (3) RCR (Criminal) 1052***, has held:-

“The only inevitable conclusion from the above discussion is that there is no statutory bar under the Cr.P.C. which can affect the inherent power of this Court under Section 482. Further, the same cannot be limited to matrimonial cases alone and the Court has the wide power to quash the proceedings even in noncompoundable offences notwithstanding the bar under Section 320 of the Cr.P.C., in order to prevent the abuse of law and to secure the ends of justice.”

The power under Section 482 of the Cr.P.C. is to be exercised Ex-Debitia Justitia to prevent an abuse of process of Court. There can neither be an exhaustive list nor the defined parameters to enable a High Court to invoke or exercise its inherent powers. It will always depend upon the facts and circumstances of each case. The power under Section 482 of the Cr.P.C. has no limits. However, the High Court will exercise it sparingly and with utmost care and caution. The exercise of power has to be with circumspection and restraint. The Court is a vital and an extra-ordinary effective instrument to maintain and control social order. The Courts play role of paramount importance in achieving peace, harmony and ever- lasting congeniality in society. Resolution of a dispute by way of a compromise between two warring groups, therefore, should attract the immediate and prompt attention of a Court which should endeavour to give full effect to the same unless such compromise is abhorrent to lawful composition of the society or would promote savagery.”

The legal principles as laid down for quashing of the judgment were also approved by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the matter of '**Gian Singh Versus State of Punjab and another,(2012) 10 SCC 303'**. Furthermore, the broad principles for exercising the powers under Section 482 (now Section 528 BNSS) were summarized by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the matter of '**Parbatbhai Aahir @ Parbatbhai Bhimsinhbhai Karmur and others versus State of Gujarat and another” (2017) 9 SCC 641'**.

It is evident that in view of the amicable resolution of the issues amongst the parties, no useful purpose would be served by continuation of the proceedings. The furtherance of the proceedings is likely to be a waste of judicial time and there appears to be no chances of conviction.

In view of above, FIR No. 484 dated 01.11.2024 (Annexure P-1), under Sections 333, 117(2), 126(2), 351(2), 191(3), 190 of BNS, 2023, registered at Police Station Zirakpur, District SAS Nagar, Mohali, with all the consequential proceedings arising therefrom, is quashed qua the petitioners, on the basis of compromise dated 09.11.2024 (Annexure P-2).

The present petition is hereby allowed.

(SANDEEP MOUDGIL)
JUDGE

28.07.2025

Meenu

Whether speaking/reasoned : *Yes/No*

Whether reportable : *Yes/No*